

# **4600 Series IP Telephone**

Installation Guide

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Introduction

#### **About This Guide**

This guide describes how to install the 4600 Series IP Telephone product line and troubleshoot problems with the telephones.

The 4600 Series IP Telephone product line is a supplement to the DEFINITY IP Solutions platform.

### **Intended Audience**

This document is intended for personnel installing the 4600 Series IP Telephones.



Many of the products mentioned in this document are not supported by Avaya. Care should be taken to ensure there is adequate technical support available for the TFTP and DHCP servers. If the TFTP or DHCP servers are not functioning correctly, the IP Telephones may be unable to operate correctly.

### **Document Organization**

The guide contains the following sections:

Chapter 1, "Introduction" Provides an overview of the 4600 Series IP Telephone

Installation Guide.

Chapter 2, "4600 Series IP Describes the equipment and resources that are required to Telephone Installation"

properly install and operate the 4600 Series IP Telephones.

Provides instructions on installing the telephones out of the box.

Chapter 3, "Local Describes how to set local administrative options, when Administrative Options" instructed to do so by the system or LAN administrator.

Chapter 4, "Troubleshooting

Guidelines"

Describes error conditions and messages that may occur during the installation of the 4600 Series IP Telephones.

Restart Process"

Appendix A, "Scenarios for the Explains the different scenarios possible for the sequence of the restart process.

### **Change History**

Issue 1.0 This document was issued for the first time in November 2000.

Issue 1.1 This is the current version of the document, revised and issued

in April 2001.

#### **Terms Used in This Guide**

802.1p 802.1Q defines a layer 2 frame structure that supports VLAN identification and a QOS mechanism usually referred to as

802.1Q 802.1p, but the content of 802.1p is now incorporated in 802.1D.

**ARP** Address Resolution Protocol, used to verify that the IP address

provided by the DHCP server is not in use by another IP

Telephone.

CLAN Control LAN, type of TN799 circuit pack

**DHCP** Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol, an IETF protocol used to

automate IP Address allocation and management.

DiffServ Differentiated Services, an IP-based QOS mechanism

**IETF** Internet Engineering Task Force, the organization that produces

standards for communications on the internet.

LAN Local Area Network

MAC Media Access Control, ID of an endpoint

QOS Quality of Service, used to refer to a number of mechanisms

intended to improve audio quality over packet-based networks.

**RRQ** Read Request packet, a message sent from the 4600 Series IP

Telephone to the TFTP server, requesting to download the

upgrade script and the application file

TCP/IP Transmission Control Protocol/Internet Protocol, a network-layer

protocol used on LANs and internets.

**TFTP** Trivial File Transfer Protocol, used to provide downloading of

upgrade scripts and application files to the IP Telephones.

UDP User Datagram Protocol, a connectionless transport-layer

protocol.

**VLAN** Virtual LAN

### **Conventions Used in This Guide**

This guide uses the following textual, symbolic, and typographic conventions to help you interpret information.

### **Symbolic Conventions**



NOTE This symbol precedes additional information about a topic. This information is not required to run your system.



This symbol is used to emphasize possible harm to software, possible loss of data, or possible service interruptions.

### **Typographic Conventions**

This guide uses the following typographic conventions:

command	Words printed in this type are commands that you enter into your system.
device	Words printed in this type indicate parameters associated with a command for which you must substitute the appropriate value. For example, when entering the mount command, <b>device</b> must be replaced with the name of the drive that contains the installation disk.
Administrative	Words printed in bold type are menu or screen titles and labels.
"File," "OK"	Words enclosed in double quotation marks refer to items on menus and screens that you select to perform a task.
italics	Italic type indicates a document that contains additional information about a topic.
<enter></enter>	Words enclosed in angle brackets represent a single key that should be pressed. These include <b><ctrl></ctrl></b> , <b><enter></enter></b> , <b><esc></esc></b> , <b><insert></insert></b> , and <b><delete></delete></b> .

### **Online Documentation**

The online documentation for the 4600 Series IP Telephones is located at the following URL: http://avaya.com/support

### **Related Documents**

■ DEFINITY Documentation Release 8.4

This document describes how to administer a DEFINITY switch with Release 8.4 software.

This document is provided with the DEFINITY Release 8.4 product.

■ DEFINITY Documentation Release 9

This document describes how to administer a DEFINITY switch with Release 9 software.

This document is provided with the DEFINITY Release 9 product.

#### These documents are available on the web site mentioned on page 1-3.

4606/4612/4624 IP Telephones Set Up Quick Reference (555-233-201)

This document contains important user safety instructions for the 4600 Series IP Telephones.

■ 4600 Series IP Telephone LAN Administrator's Guide (555-233-225)

This document describes how to administer DHCP and TFTP servers for the 4600 Series IP Telephones. It also provides troubleshooting guidelines for the 4600 Series IP Telephones and for the DHCP and TFTP servers.

4606 IP Telephone User Guide for DEFINITY Users

This document provides detailed information about using the 4606 IP Telephone.

4612 IP Telephone User Guide for DEFINITY Users

This document provides detailed information about using the 4612 IP Telephone.

4624IP Telephone User Guide for DEFINITY Users

This document provides detailed information about using the 4624 IP Telephone.

### **Customer Support**

For support for your 4600 Series IP Telephones, call the Avaya support number provided to you by your Avaya representative or Avaya reseller.

Information about Avaya products can be obtained at the following URL:

http://avaya.com/support

# **4600 Series IP Telephone Installation**

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### Introduction

The new 4600 Series IP Telephone product line uses Internet Protocol (IP) technology with Ethernet interfaces. The IP telephones supplement the existing DEFINITY IP Solutions platform.

The 4600 Series IP Telephones support DHCP and TFTP over IPv4/UDP which enhance the administration and servicing of the phones. These phones use DHCP to obtain dynamic IP addresses and TFTP to download new versions of software for the phones.

The 4600 Series IP Telephones provide the ability to have one IP connection on the desktop for both a telephone set and a PC using the telephone's built-in hub.

For information on Voice over IP, see the 4600 Series IP Telephone LAN Administrator's Guide.

In compliance with Australian law, the following information is provided:

This equipment shall be installed and maintained by trained service personnel. All the input/output ports are classified as Safety Extra Low Voltage (SELV, in the meaning of IEC 60950). To maintain safety compliance when connecting the equipment electrically to other equipment, the interconnecting circuits shall be selected to provide continued conformance of clause 2.3 for SELV circuits (generally, double/reinforced insulation to 240Vac rms to any primary/mains circuitry and 120Vac rms to any Telecommunication network circuitry). To ensure the above conditions are adhered to, only interconnect the equipment with the already approved/certified equipment.

### **IP Telephone Models**

There are three telephone set models defined in the 4600 Series IP Telephone family:

- 4606 IP Telephone
- 4612 IP Telephone
- 4624 IP Telephone

This document describes the *installation* of these phones. For details about using the features provided by the phones, refer to the documentation for each phone.

#### **Software**

As shipped from the factory, the 4600 Series IP Telephones do not contain sufficient software for registration and operation. When the phone is first plugged in, a software download from a TFTP server is initiated. This gives the phone the functionality of a DEFINITY IP Telephone.

For downloads of software upgrades, DEFINITY provides the capability for a remote restart of the IP telephone. As a consequence of restarting, the phone automatically restarts reboot procedures which result in a download, if new software is available.

### **Pre-Installation Checklist**

Before plugging in the 4600 Series IP Telephone, verify that all of the following requirements have been met. Failure to do so will prevent the telephone from working and may have a negative impact on your network. Print copies of this checklist for each server and IP Telephone.

### Requirements to Verify about the Network

Req	uireme	nts to Verify about the Network
	1.	The DEFINITY switch is administered for IP Telephones and has software for Release $8.4\ \mathrm{or\ later}.$
	NOTE	For Release 1.1 of the 4600 Series Telephones, the DEFINITY switch must have Release 9 software. For Release 1.5 of the 4600 Series Telephones, the DEFINITY switch must have Release 9.5 software.
	2.	The following two circuit packs are installed on the DEFINITY switch:
		■ TN2302 IP Media Processor circuit pack
		■ TN799 Control-LAN (CLAN) circuit pack
	3.	Ensure that all required parameters are configured correctly. For DEFINITY, see the DEFINITY documentation. For the DHCP and TFTP, see "Troubleshooting Guidelines" in the <i>4600 Series IP Telephone LAN Administrator's Guide</i> .
	4.	The DHCP server and application are administered as described in the 4600 Series IP Telephone LAN Administrator's Guide.
	5.	The TFTP server and application are administered as described in the 4600 Series IP Telephone LAN Administrator's Guide.
	6.	The upgrade script and application files are loaded correctly on the TFTP server.
Req	uireme	nts to Verify for Each IP Telephone
	7.	You have an extension number and a DEFINITY security code (password) for each IP Telephone.
	8.	A Category 5 LAN jack is available at each phone site.
	9.	Electrical power is provided to each telephone by a Telephone Power Module (DC power jack) (must be ordered separately)

- ☐ 10. 1 Category 5 modular line cord is available for the connection between the IP Telephone and the PC.
- ☐ 11. Verify that the 4600 Series IP Telephone package includes the following components:
  - 1 telephone set
  - 1 AB1C handset
  - 1 H4DU 9-foot long (when extended) 4-conductor coiled handset cord, plugged into the telephone and the handset
  - 1 Category 5 modular line cord for the connection from the IP Telephone to the Ethernet wall jack
  - 4606/4612/4624 IP Telephones Set Up Quick Reference (555-233-226)

### Assembling the 4600 Series IP Telephone

Use the following procedure to assemble the 4600 Series IP Telephone.

NOTE

The last step in assembling the 4600 Series IP Telephone **must** be plugging in the power cord into the power source.

Be careful to use the correct jack when plugging in the telephone. See the 4606/4612/4624 IP Telephones Set Up Quick Reference for directions and illustration of how cords connect to jacks. The jacks are located on the back of the telephone housing. The left jack is for the primary Ethernet cable and the right jack is for the secondary Ethernet cable (connected to the PC). These jacks are flanked by icons to represent their correct use.

During the assembly, refer to Figure 2-1 on page 2-5.

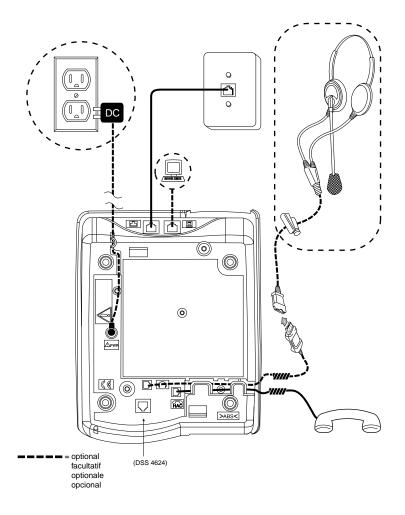


Figure 2-1. Connection Jacks on a 4600 Series IP Telephone

- 1. Plug one end of the H4DU 4-conductor coiled handset cord into the telephone and the other end into the handset.
- 2. Plug one end of the first Category 5 modular line cord into the Ethernet jack of the PC and the other end into the secondary Ethernet jack on the 4600 Series IP Telephone.
- 3. Plug one end of the second Category 5 modular line cord into the Ethernet jack on the 4600 Series IP Telephone and the other end into the Ethernet wall jack.
- 4. **In the United States and Canada**, plug the barrel connector on the power cord into the 4600 Series IP Telephone and the plug on the power cord into the wall socket.
  - **Outside of the United States and Canada**, connect the 1151 power brick to the power cable, plug the barrel connector to the 4600 Series IP Telephone and the plug into the wall socket.

### **Dynamic Addressing Process**

Before beginning this process, you must have an extension number for the IP Telephone and the DEFINITY security code (password) for that extension.

The following description of the process of installing the IP telephones assumes that the process is executed successfully. Only an initial installation (out of the box) is described. For errors that may be encountered during the process and the messages displayed, see Chapter 4, "Troubleshooting Guidelines."

When you plug the IP Telephone set into the Ethernet wall jack, the following process takes place.

NOTE If the application has already been downloaded, the whole process takes approximately 1 to 2 minutes after the phone is plugged in. For an initial installation (including download of the application) the process may take 5 - 10 minutes. The duration is based on LAN loading, how many phones are being installed at once, and similar factors.

1. The telephone activates the Ethernet line interface, the secondary Ethernet jack, and dial pad input (to allow the invocation of procedures) as soon as possible after power-up or a reset.

The telephone detects and displays the speed of the Ethernet interface in Mbps (that is, 10 or 100). The message No Ethernet is displayed until the software determines whether the interface is 10 Mbps or 100 Mbps.

**NOTE** The Ethernet speed indicated is the LAN interface speed for **both** the telephone and any attached PC.

2. The IP telephone sends a request to the DHCP server and invokes the DHCP process.

The following message is displayed:

```
DHCP: s secs,
* to program
```

where s is the number of seconds that have elapsed since DHCP was invoked.

- 3. The DHCP server provides IP addresses for the following:
  - The IP Telephone
  - The TFTP server
  - The TN799 Control-LAN (CLAN) circuit pack on the DEFINITY server
- The IP Telephone connects to the TFTP server and looks for an upgrade script file.
- 5. The TFTP server sends an upgrade script, telling the phone what it is.

Since the read request packet may have to be sent several times, each time the RRQ message is sent, the following message is displayed:

```
TFTP: s secs
```

6. While the upgrade script file is being downloaded, the following message is displayed:

```
46xxUPGRADE.SCR
n KB received
```

where n is the number of KBs received from the TFTP server.

7. While the application file is downloaded to the IP Telephone, the following message is displayed:

```
filename
n KB received
```

where n is the number of KBs received from the TFTP server.

8. While the application file is saved in flash memory, the following message is displayed:

```
Saving to flash 1%, 1 secs
```

with the percentage of the file and the number of elapsed seconds incremented as the application file is stored in flash memory.

9. The phone contacts the DEFINITY server and attempts to log in.

The following prompt for an extension is displayed:

```
Extension=nnnnnn
#=OK NEW=_
```

10. Enter a new extension, ending with the # button.

If the extension is not in use, the following prompt for a password is displayed:

```
Password=_
#=OK
```

11. Enter the password, ending with the # button.

While the telephone's extension is visible as you enter it, the password is displayed as asterisks.

- 12. The system determines whether the extension is in use.
- 13. Successful completion of this process causes the dial tone to be available.

The IP Telephone has been installed successfully.

# **Local Administrative Options**

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### Introduction

After you have successfully installed an IP Telephone, you may be instructed to administer one of the following options.

### NOTE

To set parameters for all 4600 Series IP Telephones that download their upgrade script and application files from the same TFTP server, you can modify the upgrade script. See the section on "Customizing the Upgrade Script File" in Chapter 4 of the 4600 Series IP Telephone LAN Administrator's Guide.

### **MARNING:**

Perform these procedures only if instructed to do so by the system or LAN administrator.

Static administration of these options will cause upgrades to work differently than if they are administered dynamically. The values assigned to options in static administration will not be changed by upgrade scripts. They will remain active for the IP Telephone until a new boot file is downloaded.

Aside from SSON, these procedures are to be used **only** if you are using static addressing, and, as always, only if instructed by the system or LAN administrator. Do **not** use these procedures (aside from SSON) if you are using DHCP.

### **Entering Data for Administrative Options**

This section describes how to enter data for the administrative options.

- 1. All local procedures are invoked by pressing the **Hold** button, up to 7 numeric dial pad buttons, and the **#** button.
  - A 6-second timeout is in effect between button presses after the **Hold** button is pressed; if a valid button is not pressed within 6 seconds of the previous button, the collected digits are discarded, and no administrative option is invoked.
- 2. Attempts to enter invalid data are rejected, and the phone emits an error beep.

Introduction

- 3. If a numeric digit is entered for a value or for a field of an IP address or subnet mask after only a zero has been entered, the new digit will replace the zero.
- 4. Press the # button to go to the next step.
- 5. To backspace within a field, press the leftmost button under the display (the leftmost softkey on a 4624 or 4612 or the conference button on a 4606) or the previous button (on the 4624 and 4612): the most recently entered digit or period is erased from the display, and the cursor is left in the erased character's former position.

### **Pre-Installation Checklist for Static Addressing**

Before performing static addressing on the 4600 Series IP Telephone, verify that all of the requirements listed on page 2-2 have been met (other than item 4 referring to the DHCP server). In addition, you must have the values for the following parameters. Failure to do so may cause errors during data entry, which will prevent the telephone from working and may have a negative impact on your network. Print copies of this checklist for each subnet.

1.	The IP Address of the call server/gatekeeper
2.	The transport layer port number of the Address of the Management Complex (call server/gatekeeper). Although this may be a value between 0 and 65535, the default value is 1719 and <b>should not</b> be changed unless this conflicts with an existing port assignment.
3.	The IP Address of the gateway/router
4.	The IP netmask
5.	The IP Address of the TFTP server
4.	assignment.  The IP Address of the gateway/router  The IP netmask

### **Static Addressing Installation**

The usual way to assign IP addresses to IP Telephones is the automatic method described in "Dynamic Addressing Process" on page 2-6. There may be times, however, when manual assignment of IP addresses is desired



Static addressing is necessary when a DHCP server is unavailable.

Due to the difficulties associated with static addressing, it is very strongly recommended that a DHCP server be installed and that static addressing be avoided.

NOTE

The displays on the 4612 and 4624 IP Telephones accommodate up to 24 characters per line. The display on the 4606 telephone accommodates up to 16 characters per line. Here and in the examples below, the example on the left shows the display on the 4612 and 4624 telephones, and the example on the right shows the display on the 4606 telephone.

Use the following procedure to invoke manual address information programming.

- 1. Start manual address programming by performing one of the following steps:
  - a. During normal DHCP processing, press the  $\star$  key before the DHCP process completes.

or

b. While the phone is on-hook and idle, press the following sequence of keys on the faceplate of the telephone:

```
Hold 2 3 3 7 # (Hold A D D R #)
```

**NOTE** Press the Hold key momentarily. Do not press this key while pressing other keys.

The following message is displayed:

where "nnn.nnn.nnn" is the value of the telephone.

2. Enter the IP address for the telephone followed by the # button.

The following message is displayed:

```
Callsv=nnn.nnn.nnn
New=_ or Callsv=_
```

where "nnn.nnn.nnn" is the value of the call server/gatekeeper IP address.

3. Enter the IP address for the gatekeeper followed by the # button.

The following message is displayed:

```
CallSvPort=nnnnn
New=_
```

where "nnnnn" is the value of the Management Complex (call server/gatekeeper) transportlayer port number, a value between 0 and 65535. 4. Enter the appropriate value for the port number followed by the # button.

The following message is displayed:

```
Router=nnn.nnn.nnn
New=_ or nnn.nnn.nnn
Router=_
```

where "nnn.nnn.nnn" is the value of the Gateway/router IP address.

5. Enter the IP address of the Gateway/router followed by the # button.

The following message is displayed:

```
Mask=nnn.nnn.nnn
New=_
or

nnn.nnn.nnn
Mask=_
```

where "nnn.nnn.nnn" is the value of the IP netmask.

6. Enter the IP netmask followed by the # button.

The following message is displayed:

```
FileSv=nnn.nnn.nnn
New=_ or FileSv=_
```

where "nnn.nnn.nnn" is the value of the TFTP server IP address.

7. Enter the IP address of the TFTP server followed by the # button.

The following message is displayed:

```
Save new values?
*=no #=yes
```

8. Press the # button to save the new values you have entered.

The following message is displayed:

```
New values
being saved
```

Once the new values are stored, the telephone is reset.

If a new boot program is downloaded from the TFTP server after you enter static addressing information, you will need to reenter your static addressing information.

### **QOS Option Setting**

Administering QOS options is not mandatory, but it is highly recommended.

Use the following procedure to set Quality of Service (QOS) options.

1. While the phone is on-hook and idle, press the following sequence of keys on the faceplate of the telephone:

```
Hold 7 6 7 # (Hold Q O S #)
```

Static Addressing Installation

One of the following texts is displayed left-justified at the top of the display, depending on the current status of 802.1Q:

If 802.1Q is off: 802.1Q=off

1=on #=OK

If 802.1Q is on: 802.1Q=on

0=off #=OK

2. Press the 1 or 0 button to turn 802.1Q on or off respectively.

The display is updated to show the current status of 802.1Q.

Press the # button to continue the procedure without changing the displayed status of 802.1Q

The following text is displayed left-justified at the top of the display:

L2 audio=d New=\_

where d is the value of the 802.1 audio parameter.

3. Enter a valid value (between 0 and 7) for the new value of the 802.1 audio parameter.

The following text is displayed left-justified at the top of the display:

where d is the value of the 802.1 signaling parameter.

4. Enter a valid value (between 0 and 7) for the new value of the 802.1 signaling parameter.

The following text is displayed left-justified at the top of the display:

where dddd is the value of the 802.1 VLAN ID.

5. Enter a valid value (between 0 and 4095) for the new value of the 802.1 VLAN ID.

The following text is displayed left-justified at the top of the display:

where dd is the value of the Differential Services audio parameter.

6. Enter a valid value (between 0 and 63) for the new value of the Differential Services audio parameter.

The following text is displayed left-justified at the top of the display:

```
L3 signaling=dd
New=_
```

where dd is the value of the Differential Services signaling parameter.

7. Enter a valid value (between 0 and 63) for the new value of the Differential Services signaling parameter.

If no new values were entered during this procedure, the following text is displayed left-justified at the top of the display:

```
No new values. #=OK
```

Press # to terminate the procedure.

If new values were entered during this procedure, the following text is displayed left-justified at the top of the display:

```
Save new values?
*=no #=yes
```

Press the \* button to terminate the procedure, or the # button to save the new values. If you press the # button, the following text is displayed:

```
New values
being saved
```

The new values are saved, and the user interface is restored to its previous state.

### **Secondary Ethernet (Hub) Interface Enable/Disable**

Use the following procedure to enable or disable the hub interface.

**NOTE** The default for the hub interface is **enabled**.

1. While the phone is on-hook and idle, press the following sequence of keys on the faceplate of the telephone:

```
Hold 4 6 8 # (Hold I N T #)
```

One of the following texts is displayed left-justified at the top of the display, depending on the current value of the hub:

If HUB=enabled: HUB=enabled 0=disable #=OK

If HUB=disabled: HUB=disabled 1=enable #=OK

2. Press the 1 or 0 button to enable or disable the hub interface respectively, or the # button to leave the current value.

Static Addressing Installation

The following text is displayed left-justified at the top of the display:

Save new value? \*=no #=yes

Press the \* button to terminate the procedure, or the # button to save the new values. If you press the # button, the following text is displayed.

New value being saved

The new values are saved, and the user interface is restored to its previous state.

### **Site-Specific Option Number Setting**



Do **not** perform this procedure if you are using static addressing. Perform this procedure **only** if you are using DHCP **and** the LAN administrator instructs you to do this.

Use the following procedure to set the Site-Specific Option Number (SSON).

1. While the phone is on-hook and idle, press the following sequence of keys on the faceplate of the telephone:

Hold 7 7 6 6 # (Hold S S O N #)

The following text is displayed left-justified at the top of the display:

SSON=ddd New=\_

where ddd is the value of SSON.

2. Enter a valid value (between 128 and 255) for the SSON.

If a value different from the current value of SSON is entered, the following text is displayed left-justified at the top of the display:

Save new value?
\*=no #=yes

Press the \* button to terminate the procedure, or the # button to save the new value. If you press the # button, the following text is displayed:

New value being saved

The new value is saved, and the user interface is restored to its previous state.

### **Reset System Values**

Use the following procedure to reset all system initialization values to the application software default values.

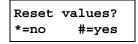


This procedure erases all static information, without any possibility of recovering the data.

1. While the phone is on-hook and idle, press the following sequence of keys on the faceplate of the telephone:

```
Hold 7 3 7 3 8 # (Hold R E S E T #)
```

The following text is displayed left-justified at the top of the display:





As soon as you press the # button, all static information will be erased, without any possibility of recovering the data.

2. Press the # button to reset values to their defaults or the \* button to continue.

The following text is displayed left-justified at the top of the display while the system values are reset to defaults:

Resetting values.

Once the system values are reset, the following prompt is displayed:

```
Restart phone?
*=no #=yes
```

3. Press the \* key to terminate the procedure without restarting the telephone.

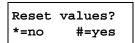
### **Restart the Telephone**

Use the following procedure to restart the telephone.

1. While the phone is on-hook and idle, press the following sequence of keys on the faceplate of the telephone:

```
Hold 7 3 7 3 8 # (Hold R E S E T #)
```

The following text is displayed left-justified at the top of the display:



2. Press the # button to reset values to their defaults, or \* to continue.

Static Addressing Installation

If you press the # button, the following text is displayed left-justified at the top of the display while the system values are reset to defaults:

Resetting values.

Once the system values are reset, the following prompt is displayed:

Restart phone? \*=no #=yes

3. Press the \* key to terminate the procedure without restarting the telephone.

Press the # key to restart the telephone.

The remainder of the procedure depends on the status of the boot and application files. Refer to Appendix A.

#### **Self-Test Procedure**

To invoke 4600 Series IP Telephone self-test procedures, press the following sequence of keys on the faceplate of the telephone:

```
Hold 8 3 7 8 # (Hold T E S T #)
```

The telephone illuminates each column of red and green LEDs associated with administrable buttons sequentially for 0.5 second, from left to right across the telephone, in a repeating cycle. The Speaker/Mute LED and the message waiting LED are illuminated along with the closest column of LEDs. Buttons generate a button click if pressed, but do not generate any system-specific signaling messages, DTMF, or invoke speakerphone or mute operation.

Telephones with displays display the following text, left-justified at the top of the display, for 1 second after self-test is invoked:

Self test #=end

Then a block character (all pixels on) is displayed in all display character locations for 5 seconds. Display of the block character is used to find bad display pixels.

One of the following is displayed:

If self-test passes: Self test passed

#=end

If self-test fails: Self test failed

#=end

4. To terminate the self-test, generate confirmation tone, and return the user interface to the previous state, press the # button on the dial pad at any time.

# **Troubleshooting Guidelines**

4

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### Introduction

This chapter describes problems that may occur during installation of the 4600 Series IP Telephones and possible ways of resolving these problems. For problems that occur during normal operation, see "Troubleshooting Guidelines" in the *4600 Series IP Telephone LAN Administration Guide*.

This chapter is organized in the following sections:

- Descriptions of error conditions and methods for resolving them.
- The use of the View option to view values of system
- Error messages and methods for resolving them.

### **Error Conditions**

There are three areas where installers can troubleshoot problems before seeking assistance from the system or LAN administrator:

- 1. Check the wiring (power and Ethernet) for the following:
  - Whether all components are plugged in correctly.
  - Check LAN connectivity in both directions to all servers (DHCP, TFTP, DEFINITY)
- 2. If you are using static addressing, do the following:
  - Use the View command to find the names of the files being used and verify that these filenames match those on the TFTP server. Check on the Avaya website to verify whether the correct files are being used.
  - Use the ADDR option to verify IP addresses.
  - Use the QOS option to verify QoS parameters.
     Refer to Chapter 3 of the 4600 Series IP Telephone Installation Guide.
- 3. If the 4600 Series IP Telephone is not communicating with the system (DHCP, TFTP, or DEFINITY), make a note of the last message that was displayed and consult the system administrator.

Introduction

#### **DTMF Tones**

The failure to hear DTMF tones sent by a far-end 4600 Series IP Telephone does not require any action on the user's part. The TN2302AP board does not pass in-band DTMF tones.

### **Power Interruption**

If power to a 4600 Series IP Telephone is interrupted while the telephone is saving the application file, the TFTP application may hang. If this occurs, restart the TFTP server.

### The View Administrative Option

If you are using static addressing and encounter problems, use the following procedure to verify the current values of system parameters and file versions.

NOTE Also use the ADDR option to view IP addresses (see "Static Addressing Installation" on page 3-2). These may have been entered incorrectly. Verify whether you were provided with correct IP addresses.

1. While the phone is on-hook and idle, press the following sequence of keys on the faceplate of the telephone:

```
Hold 8 4 3 9 # (Hold V I E W #)
```

The following text is displayed left-justified at the top of the display:

View set	tings
*=next	#=exit

2. Press the \* button at any time during viewing to display the next name and system value pair from the list below, returning to the first pair after the last pair has been displayed.

Press the # button at any time during viewing to terminate the procedure and restore the user interface to its previous state.

The names and values are displayed in the following order:

**Table 4-1. Parameter Values** 

Name	System Value	Format
Model	46ccDccc	up to 8 ASCII graphics characters
Market	domestic export	Only one value is displayed
Phone SN	ccccccc	Phone Serial Number, up to 18 ASCII graphic characters

The View Administrative Option

Table 4-1. Parameter Values—Continued

Name	System Value	Format
PWB SN	ccccccc	Printed Wiring Board (circuit board) Serial Number, up to 18 ASCII graphic characters
PWB comcode	ccccccc	9 ASCII numbered characters
MAC address	00:60:1D:hh:hh:hh	Each octet of the MAC address is displayed as a pair of hexadecimal numbers.
	filename1.exe	up to 16 ASCII graphic characters.
	filename2.exe	Out of the box, there will be only one filename.exe. After installation, there should be two filenames. If there is only one, installation has failed. Verify the problem, and then re-install the telephone.

### **Error Messages**

The 4600 Series IP Telephones issue messages in English only. The IP Telephones also display messages from the switch, which outside the United States may issue messages in the local language.

Table 4-2. Possible Error Messages During Installation of 4600 Series IP Telephones

Error Message	Cause/Resolution
Checksum error	<b>CAUSE:</b> Downloaded application file was not downloaded or saved correctly.
	<b>RESOLUTION:</b> The telephone automatically resets and attempts to re-initialize.
DHCP: CONFLICT * to program	CAUSE: At least one of the IP address offered by the DHCP server conflicts with another address.  RESOLUTION: Review DHCP server administration to identify duplicate IP address(es)
File too large Cannot save file	CAUSE: The telephone does not have sufficient room to store the downloaded file.  RESOLUTION: Verify the proper filename is administered in the TFTP script file, and that the proper application file is located in the appropriate location on the TFTP server.

Table 4-2. Possible Error Messages During Installation of 4600 Series IP Telephones— Continued

Continued	
Error Message	Cause/Resolution
Gateway Error	<b>CAUSE:</b> DEFINITY Release 8.4 does not have an H.323 station extension for this telephone.
	<b>RESOLUTION:</b> On the station administration screen, ensure the DCP set being aliased for this IP telephone has an H.323 station extension administered, in accordance with switch administration instructions.
Hardware failure	CAUSE: Hardware failure prevented downloading of application file.  RESOLUTION: Replace telephone.
IP Address in use by another	CAUSE: The telephone has detected an IP address conflict.
	<b>RESOLUTION:</b> Verify administration to identify duplicate IP address(es).
No Ethernet	<b>CAUSE:</b> When first plugged in, the IP Telephone is unable to communicate with the Ethernet.
	<b>RESOLUTION:</b> Verify the connection to the Ethernet jack, verify the jack is Category 5, verify power is applied on the LAN to that jack, etc.
No file server address	<b>CAUSE:</b> The TFTP server IP address in the IP telephone's memory is all zeroes.
	<b>RESOLUTION:</b> Depending on the specific requirements of your network, this may not be an error. If appropriate, either administer the DHCP server with the proper address of the TFTP server, or administer the telephone locally using the ADDR option as detailed in the <i>4600 Series IP Telephone Installation Guide</i> .
System busy	<b>CAUSE:</b> Most likely, the number of IP endpoints on the DEFINITY is already at maximum, Less likely, network resource is unavailable.
	<b>RESOLUTION:</b> The telephone was attempting to access a network resource (DHCP server, TFTP server, or the DEFINITY) and was not successful. The resource being called upon should be checked for its availability. If it appears operational and properly linked to the network, verify addressing is accurate and a communication path exists in both directions between the telephone and the resource.
Timeout Error	CAUSE: Protocol timeout error.
	<b>RESOLUTION:</b> Retry. If failure continues, check network congestion, addresses, etc. to identify cause of timeout.

Table 4-2. Possible Error Messages During Installation of 4600 Series IP Telephones—
Continued

Error Message	Cause/Resolution
Resource Error	CAUSE: DEFINITY rejects the registration request.
	<b>RESOLUTION:</b> Verify DEFINITY Administration to ensure the telephone's proper IP address, extension, and password are being used.
Incompatible	CAUSE: Release 8 of DEFINITY does not support the current version of the IP Telephone.  RESOLUTION: Upgrade the DEFINITY to Release 9 software.
Failed to set phone IP address	<b>CAUSE:</b> The 4600 Series Telephone was originally installed on one switch with Static Addressing, and has subsequently been installed on another switch with an active DHCP server assigning dynamic IP addresses.
	RESOLUTION: Reset the telephone.

**Appendix** 



#### **Scenarios for the Restart Process**

The sequence of the restart process depends on the status of the boot and application files. This appendix explains the different scenarios possible.

### **Restart the Telephone**

Use the following procedure to restart the telephone.

1. While the phone is on-hook and idle, press the following sequence of keys on the faceplate of the telephone:

```
Hold 7 3 7 3 8 # (Hold R E S E T #)
```

The following text is displayed left-justified at the top of the display:

```
Reset values?
*=no #=yes
```

2. Press the # button to continue the procedure.

The following text is displayed left-justified at the top of the display while the system values are reset to defaults:

```
Resetting values.
```

Once the system values are reset, the following prompt is displayed:

```
Restart phone?
*=no #=yes
```

3. Press the \* key to terminate the procedure without restarting the telephone.

Press the # key to restart the telephone.

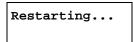
The remainder of the procedure depends on the status of the boot and application files. Refer to the table on the next page.

If this condition applies	See
Boot file Needs to be Upgraded	page A-2
Latest Boot File Loaded/No Application File or Application File Needs to be Upgraded	page A-5
Latest Boot File and System-Specific Application File Already Loaded	page A-6

#### **Boot file Needs to be Upgraded**

**NOTE** This should almost never happen.

1. The following message is displayed:



2. While the hardware is being initialized, the following message is displayed:

Initializing

3. While either the application file (if there is one) or the boot code is uncompressed into RAM, the following message is displayed:

```
Loading ....********
```

Since this takes a while, asterisks, then periods, then asterisks are displayed on the second line to indicate that something is happening.

4. When control is passed to the software that was just loaded, the following message is displayed:

Starting...

5. The telephone detects and displays the speed of the Ethernet interface in Mbps (that is, 0, 10 or 100). The message No Ethernet is displayed until the software determines whether the interface is 10 Mbps or 100 Mbps.

NOTE The Ethernet speed indicated is the LAN interface speed for both the telephone and any attached PC.

6. The software checks whether sufficient IP address information has been downloaded. In this scenario, it is discovered that sufficient information has **not** been downloaded. The following message is displayed while the DHCP process is invoked:

```
DHCP: 0 secs
* to program
```

The number of elapsed seconds is incremented once per second, until DHCP successfully completes.

7. The following message is displayed while the TFTP process is invoked:

```
TFTP: ping 1
WWW.XXX.yyy.ZZZ
```

The number of pings is incremented once per second, until the TFTP server responds.

8. The following message is displayed while the upgrade script is downloaded from the TFTP server:

```
46XXUPGRADE.SCR n KB received
```

where **n** is the number of KBs that have been downloaded.

9. The script file is processed and the software determines that the name of the boot code file in the telephone (BOOTNAME) is not the latest version. APPNAME is set to the name of an application file that will replace the boot code. The following message is displayed while the application file is downloaded into RAM:

```
app_filename
n KB received
```

where  $\mathbf{n}$  is the number of KBs that have been downloaded.

10. The following message is displayed while the application file is stored in flash memory:

```
Saving to flash n%, x secs
```

where  $\mathbf{n}$  is the percentage of the file that has been stored, and  $\mathbf{x}$  is the number of seconds that have elapsed. This will usually take longer than it took to download the file.

11. The following message is displayed while the phone is reset so that the application file can be executed:

```
Restarting...
```

12. While the hardware is being initialized, the following message is displayed:

```
Initializing
```

13. While either the new application file is uncompressed into RAM, the following message is displayed:

```
Loading ....*********
```

Since this takes a while, asterisks, then periods, then asterisks are displayed on the second line to indicate that something is happening.

14. When control is passed to the software that was just loaded, the following message is displayed:

```
Starting...
```

15. While the entire flash memory is erased in preparation for rewriting the code, the following message is displayed:

```
Clearing...
n%, x secs
```

where n is the percentage of memory erased and x is the number of elapsed seconds during erasing.

16. While the boot code is rewritten, the following message is displayed:

```
Updating...
n%, x secs
```

where n is the percentage of boot code rewritten and x is the number of elapsed seconds during rewriting.

- 17. When the new boot code has been successfully written into the flash memory, the application corrupts its own checksum stored in flash and resets the phone so that the latest system-specific application file can be downloaded.
- 18. Continue with the next procedure.

# **Latest Boot File Loaded/No Application File or Application File Needs to be Upgraded**

**NOTE** This happens with normal application file upgrades.

1. The following message is displayed:

```
Restarting...
```

2. While the hardware is being initialized, the following message is displayed:

```
Initializing
```

3. While either the application file (if there is one) or the boot code is uncompressed into RAM, the following message is displayed:

```
Loading ....********
```

Since this takes a while, asterisks, then periods, then asterisks are displayed on the second line to indicate that something is happening.

4. When control is passed to the code in RAM, the following message is displayed:

```
Starting...
```

5. The telephone detects and displays the speed of the Ethernet interface in Mbps (that is, 0, 10 or 100). The message **No Ethernet** is displayed until the software determines whether the interface is 10 Mbps or 100 Mbps.

**NOTE** The Ethernet speed indicated is the LAN interface speed for both the telephone and any attached PC.

6. The software checks whether sufficient IP address information has been downloaded. In this scenario, it is discovered that sufficient information has **not** been downloaded. The following message is displayed while the DHCP process is invoked:

```
DHCP: 0 secs
* to program
```

The number of elapsed seconds is incremented once per second, until DHCP successfully completes.

7. The following message is displayed while the TFTP process is invoked:

```
TFTP: ping 1
WWW.XXX.yyy.ZZZ
```

The number of pings is incremented once per second, until the TFTP server responds.

8. The following message is displayed while the upgrade script is downloaded from the TFTP server:

```
46XXUPGRADE.SCR
n KB received
```

where **n** is the number of KBs that have been downloaded.

9. The script file is processed and the software determines that the name of the boot code file in the telephone (BOOTNAME) is not the latest version. APPNAME is set to the name of an application file that will replace the boot code. The following message is displayed while the application file is downloaded into RAM:

```
app_filename
n KB received
```

where **n** is the number of KBs that have been downloaded.

10. The following message is displayed while the application file is stored in flash memory:

```
Saving to flash n%, x secs
```

where  $\mathbf{n}$  is the percentage of the file that has been stored, and  $\mathbf{x}$  is the number of seconds that have elapsed. This will usually take longer than it took to download the file.

11. The phone is reset so that the new system-specific application file can be executed. Continue with the next procedure.

## **Latest Boot File and System-Specific Application File Already Loaded**

**NOTE** This happens with normal resets.

1. The following message is displayed:

```
Restarting...
```

2. While the hardware is being initialized, the following message is displayed:

```
Initializing
```

Scenarios for the Restart Process

3. While either the application file is uncompressed into RAM, the following message is displayed:

```
Loading ....*********
```

Since this takes a while, asterisks, then periods, then asterisks are displayed on the second line to indicate that something is happening.

4. When control is passed to the code in RAM, the following message is displayed:

```
Starting...
```

5. The telephone detects and displays the speed of the Ethernet interface in Mbps (that is, 0, 10 or 100). The message No Ethernet is displayed until the software determines whether the interface is 10 Mbps or 100 Mbps.

**NOTE** The Ethernet speed indicated is the LAN interface speed for both the telephone and any attached PC.

6. The software checks whether sufficient IP address information has been downloaded. In this scenario, it is discovered that sufficient information has **not** been downloaded. The following message is displayed while the DHCP process is invoked:

```
DHCP: 0 secs
* to program
```

The number of elapsed seconds is incremented once per second, until DHCP successfully completes.

7. The following message is displayed while the TFTP process is invoked:

```
TFTP: ping 1
www.xxx.yyy.zzz
```

The number of pings is incremented once per second, until the TFTP server responds.

8. The following message is displayed while the upgrade script is downloaded from the TFTP server:

```
46XXUPGRADE.SCR
n KB received
```

where  $\mathbf{n}$  is the number of KBs that have been downloaded.

- 9. The script file is processed and the software determines that the name of the boot code file in the telephone (BOOTNAME) is the latest version, and the name of the application file in the telephone is the same as APPNAME.
- 10. System-specific registration with the DEFINITY server is invoked.
- 11. Upon completion of registration, dial-tone is available on the telephone.